

$$\prod_{i=0}^{i < n} [x \cos(\frac{i\pi}{n}) + y \sin(\frac{i\pi}{n})] - z = 0$$

Für $n = 8$ gilt

$$\begin{aligned} & [x \cos(\frac{0\pi}{8}) + y \sin(\frac{0\pi}{8})][x \cos(\frac{1\pi}{8}) + y \sin(\frac{1\pi}{8})] \\ & [x \cos(\frac{2\pi}{8}) + y \sin(\frac{2\pi}{8})][x \cos(\frac{3\pi}{8}) + y \sin(\frac{3\pi}{8})] \\ & [x \cos(\frac{4\pi}{8}) + y \sin(\frac{4\pi}{8})][x \cos(\frac{5\pi}{8}) + y \sin(\frac{5\pi}{8})] \\ & [x \cos(\frac{6\pi}{8}) + y \sin(\frac{6\pi}{8})][x \cos(\frac{7\pi}{8}) + y \sin(\frac{7\pi}{8})] - z = 0 \end{aligned}$$

Mit

$$\begin{array}{ll} \cos(\frac{0\pi}{8}) = \cos(0^\circ) = 1 & \sin(\frac{0\pi}{8}) = \sin(0^\circ) = 0 \\ \cos(\frac{1\pi}{8}) = \cos(22,5^\circ) = \frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}{2} & \sin(\frac{1\pi}{8}) = \sin(22,5^\circ) = \frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}{2} \\ \cos(\frac{2\pi}{8}) = \cos(45^\circ) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & \sin(\frac{2\pi}{8}) = \sin(45^\circ) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \\ \cos(\frac{3\pi}{8}) = \cos(67,5^\circ) = \frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}{2} & \sin(\frac{3\pi}{8}) = \sin(67,5^\circ) = \frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}{2} \\ \cos(\frac{4\pi}{8}) = \cos(90^\circ) = 0 & \sin(\frac{4\pi}{8}) = \sin(90^\circ) = 1 \\ \cos(\frac{5\pi}{8}) = \cos(112,5^\circ) = -\frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}{2} & \sin(\frac{5\pi}{8}) = \sin(112,5^\circ) = \frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}{2} \\ \cos(\frac{6\pi}{8}) = \cos(135^\circ) = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & \sin(\frac{6\pi}{8}) = \sin(135^\circ) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \\ \cos(\frac{7\pi}{8}) = \cos(157,5^\circ) = -\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}{2} & \sin(\frac{7\pi}{8}) = \sin(157,5^\circ) = \frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}{2} \end{array} \quad \text{und}$$

erhalten wir

$$\begin{aligned} & [1x + 0y] \left[\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}{2}x + \frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}{2}y \right] \left[\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}x + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}y \right] \left[\frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}{2}x + \frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}{2}y \right] \\ & [0x + 1y] \left[-\frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}{2}x + \frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}{2}y \right] \left[-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}x + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}y \right] \left[-\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}{2}x + \frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}{2}y \right] - z = 0 \\ & xy \left[\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}{2}x + \frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}{2}y \right] \left[\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}x + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}y \right] \left[\frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}{2}x + \frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}{2}y \right] \\ & \left[-\frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}{2}x + \frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}{2}y \right] \left[-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}x + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}y \right] \left[-\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}{2}x + \frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}{2}y \right] - z = 0 \end{aligned}$$

Jetzt wird das Ausmultiplizieren etwas komplizierter, deshalb gehen wir schrittweise vor. Wir führen A, B, C, D, E und F ein.

$$x \cdot y [A \cdot B \cdot C \cdot D \cdot E \cdot F] - z = 0$$

mit

$$A = \frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}{2}x + \frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}{2}y$$

$$B = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}x + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}y$$

$$C = \frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}{2}x + \frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}{2}y$$

$$D = -\frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}{2}x + \frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}{2}y$$

$$E = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}x + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}y$$

$$F = -\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}{2}x + \frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}{2}y$$

Um das Ausmultiplizieren zu vereinfachen stellen wir die Gleichungen etwas um.

$$A = \frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}{2}y + \frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}{2}x$$

$$B = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}y + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}x$$

$$C = \frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}{2}y + \frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}{2}x$$

$$D = \frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}{2}y - \frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}{2}x$$

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}y - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}x$$

$$F = \frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}{2}y - \frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}{2}x$$

Jetzt nutzen wir die binomische Formel aus einer Formelsammlung.

$$(a+b)(a-b) = a^2 - b^2$$

Danach müssen wir A mit F, B mit E und C mit D multiplizieren.

$$G = A \cdot F = \left[\frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}{2}y + \frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}{2}x \right] \cdot \left[\frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}{2}y - \frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}{2}x \right] = \frac{2-\sqrt{2}}{4}y^2 - \frac{2+\sqrt{2}}{4}x^2$$

$$H = B \cdot E = \left[\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}y + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}x \right] \cdot \left[\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}y - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}x \right] = \frac{1}{2}y^2 - \frac{1}{2}x^2$$

$$I = C \cdot D = \left[\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}{2}y + \frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}{2}x \right] \cdot \left[\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}{2}y - \frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}{2}x \right] = \frac{2+\sqrt{2}}{4}y^2 - \frac{2-\sqrt{2}}{4}x^2$$

Damit kommen wir dem Ergebnis einen Schritt näher.

$$x y [G \cdot H \cdot I] - z = 0$$

Im nächsten Schritt multiplizieren wir G mit I.

$$J = G \cdot I = \left[\frac{2-\sqrt{2}}{4} y^2 - \frac{2+\sqrt{2}}{4} x^2 \right] \cdot \left[\frac{2+\sqrt{2}}{4} y^2 - \frac{2-\sqrt{2}}{4} x^2 \right]$$

$$J = \frac{(2-\sqrt{2})(2+\sqrt{2})}{16} y^4 - \frac{(2-\sqrt{2})(2-\sqrt{2})}{16} y^2 x^2 - \frac{(2+\sqrt{2})(2+\sqrt{2})}{16} x^2 y^2 + \frac{(2+\sqrt{2})(2-\sqrt{2})}{16} x^4$$

$$(2-\sqrt{2})(2+\sqrt{2}) = 4 - 2 = 2$$

$$(2-\sqrt{2})(2-\sqrt{2}) = 4 - 2\sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{2} + 2 = 6 - 4\sqrt{2}$$

$$(2+\sqrt{2})(2+\sqrt{2}) = 4 + 2\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{2} + 2 = 6 + 4\sqrt{2}$$

$$J = \frac{2}{16} y^4 - \frac{6-4\sqrt{2}}{16} y^2 x^2 - \frac{6+4\sqrt{2}}{16} x^2 y^2 + \frac{2}{16} x^4$$

$$J = \frac{2}{16} y^4 + \frac{-6+4\sqrt{2}}{16} y^2 x^2 + \frac{-6-4\sqrt{2}}{16} x^2 y^2 + \frac{2}{16} x^4$$

$$J = \frac{2}{16} y^4 + \frac{-12}{16} x^2 y^2 + \frac{2}{16} x^4$$

$$J = \frac{1}{8} y^4 - \frac{3}{4} x^2 y^2 + \frac{1}{8} x^4$$

Als letzten Schritt müssen wir H mit J multiplizieren.

$$H \cdot J = \left[\frac{1}{2} y^2 - \frac{1}{2} x^2 \right] \cdot \left[\frac{1}{8} y^4 - \frac{3}{4} x^2 y^2 + \frac{1}{8} x^4 \right]$$

$$H \cdot J = \frac{1}{16} y^6 - \frac{3}{8} x^2 y^4 + \frac{1}{16} x^4 y^2 - \frac{1}{16} x^2 y^4 + \frac{3}{8} x^4 y^2 - \frac{1}{16} x^6$$

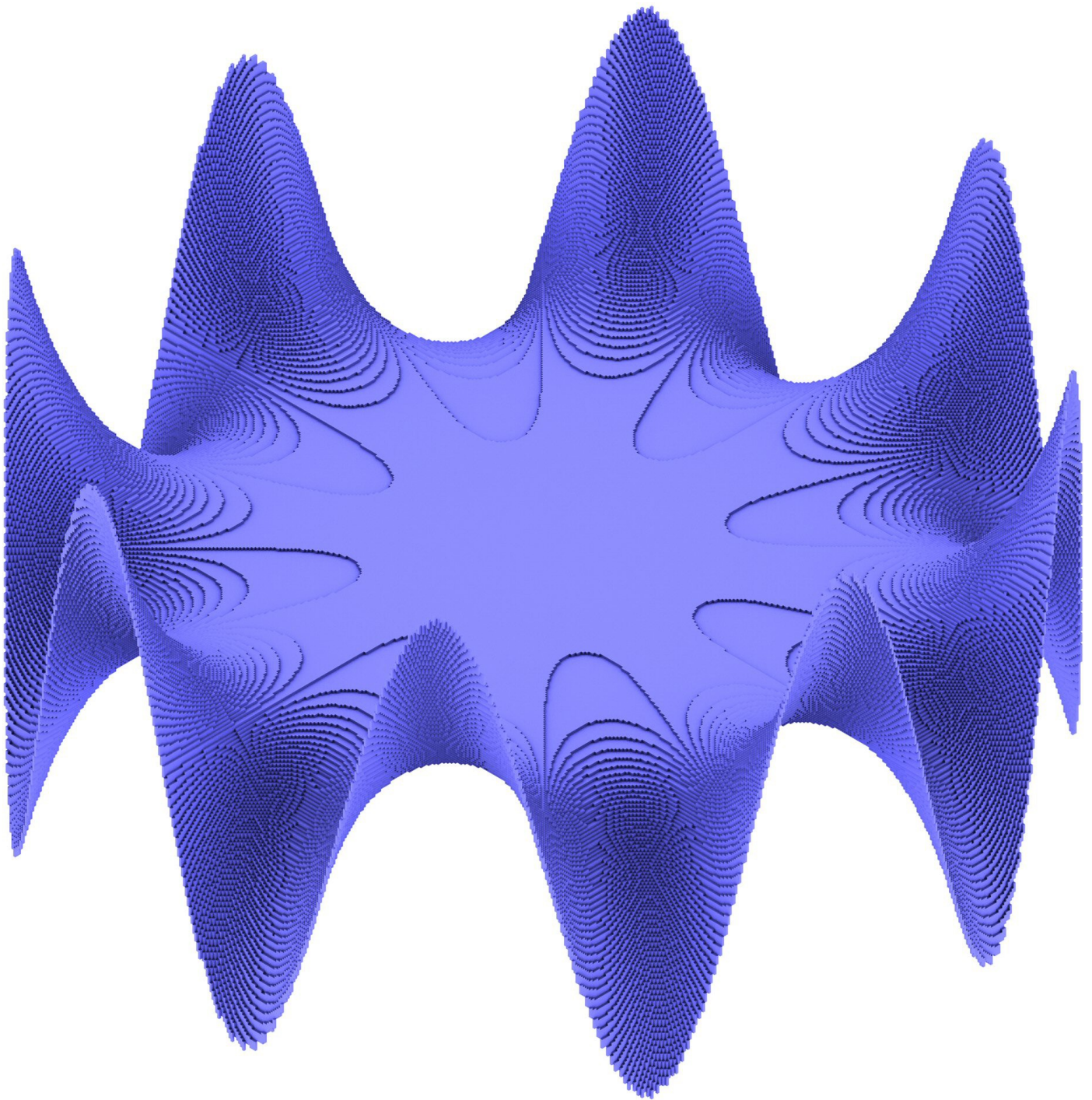
$$H \cdot J = \frac{1}{16} y^6 - \frac{6}{16} x^2 y^4 + \frac{1}{16} x^4 y^2 - \frac{1}{16} x^2 y^4 + \frac{6}{16} x^4 y^2 - \frac{1}{16} x^6$$

$$H \cdot J = \frac{1}{16} y^6 - \frac{7}{16} x^2 y^4 + \frac{7}{16} x^4 y^2 - \frac{1}{16} x^6$$

Damit erhält man für n = 8

$$x y \left[-\frac{1}{16} x^6 + \frac{7}{16} x^4 y^2 - \frac{7}{16} x^2 y^4 + \frac{1}{16} y^6 \right] - z = 0$$

Das Ergebnis der Formel.



(c) 2020 www.3d-meier.de